CITY OF MUSKEGON HEIGHTS, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



Vredeveld Haefner LLC CPAs and Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 30, 2017

To the City Council City of Muskegon Heights, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Muskegon Heights, Michigan (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Muskegon Heights, Michigan, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8 and the information on pages 43 through 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Uredevold Haefner LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Muskegon Heights (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and supplementary information.

Financial Highlights

The financial statements, which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide key financial highlights for the 2016 fiscal year as follows:

- The SAFER (Safe Assistance to Firefighters) grant through FEMA was expected to end in April of 2016, however the City was granted an extension until August 31, 2016 due to lower expenses than initially expected.
- The City received a \$35,000 grant from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) to start up the City's Farmers Market which had been closed for about 25 years. With the closing of the only local grocery store, the Farmers Market provides fresh produce to residents during the summer months.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works and streets, culture and recreation and community development. The business-type activities of the City include sewer, water, and water supply operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority (DDA) and the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority for which the City is financially accountable. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was formed in prior years and no financial activity or balances are reported for 2016. Information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general and major street funds which are considered major funds. Data is combined into a single aggregated presentation for the other governmental funds. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all special revenue funds as required by state law. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general and major streets funds to demonstrate legal compliance.

Proprietary funds The City maintains one type of proprietary fund (enterprise funds). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water, and water supply operations. The City does not use internal service funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer, water, and water supply operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City.

Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. This is limited to this discussion and analysis, additional required supplementary information, combining statements and schedules and the internal control section.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a City's financial position. In the case of the City, liabilities exceeded assets by \$1,701,997 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following chart illustrates the composition of net position.

,						
	Government	al Activities	Business-type	e Activities	<u>Tot</u>	al
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 3,716,665	\$ 3,909,098	\$ 6,774,390	\$ 8,137,431	\$10,491,055	\$12,046,529
Capital assets	6,254,401	6,793,253	14,599,716	15,542,168	20,854,117	22,335,421
Total assets	9,971,066	10,702,351	21,374,106	23,679,599	31,345,172	34,381,950
Deferred outflows	3,347,861	1,002,024	543,730	172,253	3,891,591	1,174,277
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	693,739	598,775	648,849	289,810	1,342,588	888,585
Long-term liabilities	19,100,335	15,365,137	15,492,252	15,630,495	34,592,587	30,995,632
Total liabilities	19,794,074	15,963,912	16,141,101	15,920,305	35,935,175	31,884,217
Deferred inflows	993,954	1,043,883	9,631	-	1,003,585	1,043,883
Net Position						
Net Investment in capital assets	3,933,518	4,248,902	2,270,857	2,568,033	6,204,375	6,816,935
Restricted	1,105,311	962,379	1,339,367	1,338,035	2,444,678	2,300,414
Unrestricted	(12,507,930)	(10,514,701)	2,156,880	4,025,479	(10,351,050)	(6,489,222)
Total net position	(\$7,469,101)	\$ (5,303,420)	\$5,767,104	\$7,931,547	\$(1,701,997)	\$ 2,628,127

Net Position

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities

An additional portion of the City's net position in the amount of \$2,444,678 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reports negative unrestricted net position and positive net investment in capital assets and restricted net position for the governmental activities. Business-type activities reported positive net position in all three categories of net position.

Statement of Activities The City's total revenue for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, was \$12,250,649. The total cost of all programs and services was \$16,580,773 of which \$1,612,476 represents depreciation expense. This results in a net position decrease at the end of the fiscal year of \$4,330,124. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the years ended December 31.

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities To				τ	1	
					<u>Tota</u>	-
D	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues						
Program revenues	• • • • • • • •	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • •	A- <i>i</i> - - <i>i i i i i i i i i i</i>	A - - - - - - - - - -	* • • • • • • • • •
Charges for services	\$1,212,137	\$1,061,989	\$4,311,784	\$5,189,011	\$5,523,921	\$6,251,000
Operating grants and contributions	1,746,451	1,911,665	667,210	328,886	2,413,661	2,240,551
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
General revenues						
Property taxes	1,885,687	1,805,067	-	-	1,885,687	1,805,067
Income taxes	993,619	963,708	-	-	993,619	963,708
State shared revenues	1,423,615	1,402,459	-	-	1,423,615	1,402,459
Investment earnings	114	-	10,032	12,025	10,146	12,025
Total revenues	7,261,623	7,144,888	4,989,026	5,529,922	12,250,649	12,674,810
Expenses						
General government	1,325,137	1,399,045	-	-	1,325,137	1,399,045
Public safety	5,474,297	4,462,372	-	-	5,474,297	4,462,372
Public works and streets	2,492,858	2,311,053	-	-	2,492,858	2,311,053
Culture and recreation	74,692	145,422	-	-	74,692	145,422
Community development	321,308	334,980	-	-	321,308	334,980
Interest on long-term debt	99,012	107,978	-	-	99,012	107,978
Sewer	-	-	2,124,908	1,599,608	2,124,908	1,599,608
Water	-	-	2,207,505	2,306,262	2,207,505	2,306,262
Water supply	-	-	2,461,056	2,638,722	2,461,056	2,638,722
Total expenses	9,787,304	8,760,850	6,793,469	6,544,592	16,580,773	15,305,442
Transfers in (out)	360,000	270,000	(360,000)	(270,000)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	(2,165,681)	(1,345,962)	(2,164,443)	(1,284,670)	(4,330,124)	(2,630,632)
			. ,		. ,	
Net position – beginning	(5,303,420)	(3,957,458)	7,931,547	9,216,217	2,628,127	5,258,759
Net position – ending	\$(7,469,101)	\$(5,303,420)	\$5,767,104	\$7,931,547	\$(1,701,997)	\$2,628,127

Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities The preceding table shows that the governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$2,165,681 during this fiscal year. This decrease is primarily the result of changes in the City's net pension and OPEB liabilities.

Business-type Activities Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$2,164,443 during this fiscal year. This decrease is primarily the result of changes in the City's net pension and OPEB liabilities and reduced revenue resulting from the loss of the City of Norton Shore and Fruitport Township as water customers.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,034,649, a decrease of \$141,389 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund of \$503,788 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures.

Fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$313,590, during the current fiscal year. The change in fund balance was primarily the result of additional public safety expenditures and reduced grant funding.

Proprietary funds The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's enterprise operations consist of three separate and distinct activities. The sewer, water and water supply funds provide service to most residents and businesses of the City. The sewer, water and water supply funds experienced changes in net position of \$(106,770), \$(943,796), and \$(1,113,877), respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Significant fluctuations between original, final budgets and actual were the result of

- Additional police and fire staffing resulted in expenditures in excess of budget.
- The City Manager budget was overstated because the position of City Manager was not filled until October of 2016.
- The City had street replacement/repair projects scheduled in 2016 in the major street fund, however due to engineering and the bid process for contractors, the projects were not completed. These projects are scheduled for 2017.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2016, amounted to \$20,854,117 (net of accumulated depreciation). Of this amount, \$6,254,401 was for its governmental type activities and \$14,599,716 was for its business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included fire department radios and vehicle replacements.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term bonds and notes payable of \$2,406,628 and \$12,465,000 for governmental activities and business-type activities respectively.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found on Note 9 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2017 fiscal year:

- After reviewing health insurance costs, the City is changing to a medicare advantage plan that will save approximately \$57,000.00 in FY2017 for post 65 retirees.
- The City's millage rate has remained unchanged for a couple of decades, however with failing street infrastructure, the City will be placing a request on the August 2017 ballot for a dedicated 4 mil property tax for ten (10) years for streets, Major and Local. This millage request is expected to generate about \$400,000.00 annually in revenues to repair streets in poor condition and to do preventative maintenance on those streets that are in fair to good condition.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Finance Director, City of Muskegon Heights, 2724 Peck Street, Muskegon Heights, MI 49444.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016

				Component Unit		
		rimary Governme		Downtown		
		Business-Type		Development		
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Authority</u>		
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,232,138	\$ 5,314,564	\$ 6,546,702	\$ 567,050		
Receivables	¢ ,_o_, oo	¢ 0,011,001	¢ 0,0.0,.01	¢ 001,000		
Accounts	96,429	968,688	1,065,117	_		
Property taxes	473,199	000,000	473,199	22,833		
Income taxes	225,442	_	225,442			
Special assessment receivable	19,505	_	19,505	_		
Due from other governments	1,456,031	323,896	1,779,927	_		
•	34,636	31,101	65,737	-		
Inventory Prepaid items	140,285	51,101	140,285	-		
Asset held for resale		-		-		
	39,000	-	39,000	-		
Internal balances	-	-	-	-		
Capital assets	050 400	40.040	000 400	004 005		
Land	259,408	40,012	299,420	294,635		
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,994,993	14,559,704	20,554,697	431,138		
Bond discounts		136,141	136,141			
Total assets	9,971,066	21,374,106	31,345,172	1,315,656		
Deferred outfllow						
Pension related	3,347,861	543,730	3,891,591	_		
	0,047,001		0,001,001			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	523,313	530,917	1,054,230	2,714		
Accrued liabilities	84,623	117,932	202,555	-		
Due to other governments	41,000	-	41,000	260,911		
Unearned revenue	44,803	-	44,803	-		
Noncurrent liabilities						
Other post-employment benefits	4,755,923	1,107,237	5,863,160	-		
Net pension liability	11,597,085	1,873,800	13,470,885	-		
Due within one year	429,301	720,886	1,150,187	-		
Due in more than one year	2,318,026		14,108,355	-		
-						
Total liabilities	19,794,074	16,141,101	35,935,175	263,625		
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue - taxes	934,347	-	934,347	48,749		
Pension related	59,607	9,631	69,238			
	993,954	9,631	1,003,585	48,749		
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	3,933,518	2,270,857	6,204,375	725,773		
Debt service	-	1,339,367	1,339,367	-		
Major streets	800,985	-	800,985	-		
Local streets	2,671	-	2,671	-		
Cemetery perpetual care	301,655	-	301,655	-		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(12,507,930))2,156,880	(10,351,050)	277,509		
Total net position	<u>\$ (7,469,101)</u>) <u>\$ 5,767,104</u>	<u>\$ (1,701,997</u>)	\$ 1,003,282		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Program Revenues					
		-		Operating	Capital			
			Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Net (Expense)		
Functions/Programs	<u>Expense</u>	S	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Revenue</u>		
Primary government								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 1,325,1		*,	\$ 14,910	\$-	\$ (677,221)		
Public safety	5,474,2		297,126	374,868	-	(4,802,303)		
Public works and streets	2,492,8	358	258,603	989,513	-	(1,244,742)		
Culture and recreation	74,6	692	14,884	1,195	-	(58,613)		
Community development	321,3	308	8,518	365,965	-	53,175		
Interest on long-term debt	99,0)12				(99,012)		
Total governmental activities	9,787,3	304	1,212,137	1,746,451		(6,828,716)		
Business-type activities								
Sewer	2,124,9	908	1,460,928	667,210	-	3,230		
Water	2,207,5	505	1,374,525	-	-	(832,980)		
Water supply	2,461,0)56	1,476,331			(984,725)		
Total business-type activities	6,793,4	169	4,311,784	667,210		(1,814,475)		
Total primary government	<u>\$ 16,580,7</u>	773	\$ 5,523,921	<u>\$ 2,413,661</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (8,643,191</u>)		
Component units								
Downtown Development Authority	<u>\$</u> 218,2	252	\$ 38,191	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (180,061</u>)		
Total component units	\$ 218,2	252	\$ 38,191	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (180,061</u>)		

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	F Governmental Activities					
Changes in net position Net (expense) revenue	\$ (6,828,716) \$ (1,814,475) \$	(8,643,191)	\$ (180,061)		
General revenues	(-,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(-,,-)	· (, ,		
Property taxes	1,885,687	_	1,885,687	118,695		
Income taxes	993,619	-	993,619	-		
State shared revenues - unrestricted	1,423,615	-	1,423,615	-		
Interest earnings	114	10,032	10,146	85		
Transfers - internal activities	360,000	(360,000)				
Total general revenues and transfers	4,663,035	(349,968)	4,313,067	118,780		
Change in net position	(2,165,681)) (2,164,443)	(4,330,124)	(61,281)		
Net position, beginning of year	(5,303,420)	7,931,547	2,628,127	1,064,563		
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ (7,469,101</u>) <u>\$ 5,767,104</u> <u>\$</u>	(1,701,997)	\$ 1,003,282		

(Concluded)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2016

A		<u>General</u>	M	ajor Streets		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Assets	¢	400 447	¢	454.040	¢	075 770	ሱ	1 000 400
Cash and pooled investments	\$	402,117	\$	454,249	\$	375,772	\$	1,232,138
Receivables		77 070		500		47.057		00,400
Accounts		77,873		599		17,957		96,429
Property taxes		473,199		-		-		473,199
Income taxes		225,442		-		-		225,442
Special assessment				19,505		-		19,505
Due from other funds		352,302				-		352,302
Due from other governments		706,756		374,051		375,224		1,456,031
Inventory		34,636		-		-		34,636
Asset held for resale		39,000		-		-		39,000
Prepaid items		140,285				-		140,285
Total assets	\$	2,451,610	\$	848,404	\$	768,953	\$	4,068,967
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	439,317	\$	24,626	\$	59,370	\$	523,313
Accrued liabilities		61,434		3,288		4,514		69,236
Due to other funds		-		-,		352,302		352,302
Due to other governments		-		-		41,000		41,000
Deferred revenue		39,655		-		5,148		44,803
Total liabilities		540,406		27,914		462,334		1,030,654
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue - long-term receivables		48,850		19,505		962		69,317
Unavailable revenue - taxes		48,850 934,347		19,505		902		934,347
		934,347		-		-		934,347
Total deferred inflows of resources		983,197		19,505		962		1,003,664
Fund balances								
Nonspendable Inventory		34,636						34,636
Prepaids		140.285		-		-		,
Restricted		140,205		-		-		140,285
				800,985		0.671		803,656
Streets		-		000,905		2,671 301,655		301,655
Cemetery care		-		-				
Restricted contributions		-		-		1,331		1,331
		040.000						040.000
Subsequent years expenditures		249,298		-		-		249,298
Unassigned		503,788		-		-		503,788
Total fund balances		928,007		800,985		305,657		2,034,649
Total liabilities deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	2,451,610	\$	848,404	\$	768,953	\$	4,068,967

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,034,649
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - land Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	259,408 5,994,993
Certain assets are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Add - unavailable revenue	69,317
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - compensated absences	(340,699)
Deduct - other post-employment benefits	(4,755,923)
Deduct - net pension liability	(11,597,085)
Add - deferred outflows related to pensions	3,347,861
Deduct - deferred inflows related to pensions	(59,607)
Deduct - long-term debt	(2,406,628)
Deduct - accrued interest on bonds	 (15,387)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (7,469,101)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Revenues	<u>General</u>	<u>Majo</u>	<u>r Streets</u>	lonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Taxes						
Property	\$ 1,885,687	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,885,687
Income	993,619		-	-		993,619
Intergovernmental revenues	,					
Federal	364,981		-	260,436		625,417
State	1,441,222		706,903	235,181		2,383,306
Local	10,980		-			10,980
Other	75,000		-	-		75,000
Private grants	16,105		_	_		16,105
Licenses and permits	120,131		_	-		120,131
Charges for services	897,659		14,152	4,089		915,900
Fines	72,176		-	4,005		72,176
Interest earnings	114		2,445	6,231		8,790
Miscellaneous	121,527		3,742	0,201		125,269
Miscellaneous	 121,527		5,742	 		120,203
Total revenues	 5,999,201		727,242	 505,937		7,232,380
Expenditures Current						
General government	1,508,698		_	-		1,508,698
Public safety	3,856,615		_	_		3,856,615
Public works and streets	898,289		494,297	282,988		1,675,574
Community development	46,877		494,297	260,436		307,313
Culture and recreation	60,838		-	200,430		60,838
Debt service	00,030		-	-		00,030
	174 166			50,000		004 466
Principal	174,166		-			224,166
Interest	 84,117			 16,448	<u> </u>	100,565
Total expenditures	 6,629,600		494,297	 609,872		7,733,769
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (630,399)		232,945	 (103,935)		(501,389)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	360,000			136,448		496,448
Transfers out	(43,191)		(70,000)	(23,257)		(136,448)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 316,809		(70,000)	 113,191		360,000
Net changes in fund balances	(313,590)		162,945	9,256		(141,389)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 1,241,597		638,040	 296,401		2,176,038
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 928,007	\$	800,985	\$ 305,657	\$	2,034,649

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (141,389)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay Deduct - depreciation expense	123,015 (661,867)
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Add - payments on long-term debt	231,361
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Add - change in compensated absences Deduct - change in other post-employment benefits Deduct - change in net pension liablity Add - change in deferred outflows related to pensions Deduct - change in deferred inflows related to pensions Deduct - change in deferred revenue Add - change in accrued interest	 41,102 (574,015) (3,433,646) 2,345,837 (59,607) (38,025) 1,553
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,165,681)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Enterprise Funds								
			Water						
Assets	<u>Sewer</u>	Water	<u>Supply</u>	<u>Total</u>					
Current assets	\$ 221,142	¢	\$ 3,754,055	\$ 3,975,197					
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$ 221,142 472,400	\$- 495,287	\$ 3,754,055 1,001	\$ 3,975,197 968,688					
Due from other funds	472,400	495,207	1,581,424	1,581,424					
Inventory	-	- 12,491	18,610	31,101					
Due from other governments	323,896	12,431	10,010	323,896					
Due nom other governments	323,030								
Total current assets	1,017,438	507,778	5,355,090	6,880,306					
Noncurrent assets									
Capital assets									
Land	2,246	-	37,766	40,012					
Infrastructure and plant	3,693,989	2,047,233	28,058,293	33,799,515					
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,722,424)	(1,872,064)	(14,645,323)	(19,239,811)					
Net capital assets	973,811	175,169	13,450,736	14,599,716					
Restricted cash and pooled investments	-	-	1,339,367	1,339,367					
Bond discount			136,141	136,141					
Total noncurrent assets	973,811	175,169	14,926,244	16,075,224					
Total assets	1,991,249	682,947	20,281,334	22,955,530					
Deferred outflow									
Pension related	120,621	152,468	270,641	543,730					
Liabilities									
Current liabilities									
Accounts payable	427,156	42,164	61,597	530,917					
Accrued liabilities	2,797	24,198	90,937	117,932					
Due to other funds	-	1,581,424	-	1,581,424					
Current portion of long-term debt	6,400	10,787	703,699	720,886					
Total current liabilities	436,353	1,658,573	856,233	2,951,159					
Long-term liabilities									
Other post-employment benefits	342,880	293,683	470,674	1,107,237					
Net pension liability	416,250	529,406	928,144	1,873,800					
Long-term debt, net of current portion	213	2,586	11,787,530	11,790,329					
Total long-term liabilities	759,343	825,675	13,186,348	14,771,366					
Total liabilities	1,195,696	2,484,248	14,042,581	17,722,525					
Deferred inflow									
Pension related	2,139	2,721	4,771	9,631					
Net position		,		-,					
Net investment in capital assets	973,811	175,169	1,121,877	2,270,857					
Restricted for debt service	-	-	1,339,367	1,339,367					
Unrestricted (deficit)	(59,776)	(1,826,723)	4,043,379	2,156,880					
Total net position	<u>\$ 914,035</u>	<u>\$ (1,651,554</u>)	\$ 6,504,623	<u>\$ 5,767,104</u>					

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Enterprise Funds						
		<u>Sewer</u>		Water	Water Supply		Total
Operating revenue		<u></u>		<u>mater</u>	<u>ouppi</u>		<u>10tui</u>
Charges for services	\$	1,460,928	\$	1,378,039	\$ 1,174,040	\$	4,013,007
Charges for debt service and other		-	-		 302,291		302,291
Total operating revenue		1,460,928	_	1,378,039	 1,476,331		4,315,298
Operating expense							
Personnel services		130,198		153,490	219,274		502,962
Benefits		147,268		249,339	248,801		645,408
Contractual/professional services		1,739,506		1,581,956	146,700		3,468,162
Materials and supplies		11,800		52,960	81,850		146,610
Utilities		3,289		65,964	306,495		375,748
Repair and maintenance Depreciation		17,510 38,044		1,808 29,378	5,483 883,187		24,801 950,609
Miscellaneous		36,044		29,378 76,940	14,220		950,609 128,453
MISCEIIALIEOUS		57,295		70,940	 14,220		120,455
Total operating expense		2,124,908	_	2,211,835	 1,906,010		6,242,753
Operating income (loss)		(663,980)	<u> </u>	(833,796)	 (429,679)		(1,927,455)
Non-operating revenue (expense)							
State grants		667,210		-	-		667,210
Interest income		-		-	10,032		10,032
Interest expense		-	-		 (554,230)		(554,230)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)		667,210			 (544,198)		123,012
Income (loss) before transfers		3,230		(833,796)	(973,877)		(1,804,443)
Other financing sources and (uses)							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		(110,000)		(110,000)	 (140,000)		(360,000)
Total transfers		(110,000)	!	(110,000)	 (140,000)		(360,000)
Changes in net position		(106,770)	1	(943,796)	(1,113,877)		(2,164,443)
Net position, beginning of year		1,020,805	_	(707,758)	 7,618,500		7,931,547
Net position, end of year	\$	914,035	\$	(1,651,554)	\$ 6,504,623	\$	5,767,104

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Enterprise Funds							
		-				Water		
		<u>Sewer</u>		<u>Water</u>		<u>Supply</u>		<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	1 450 640	¢	1 202 001	ድ	1 477 666	¢	4 220 080
Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees	φ	1,458,643	\$	1,302,881 (293,831)	φ	1,477,565	φ	4,239,089
Payments to suppliers		(212,822) (1,470,962)		(1,769,806)		(380,528) (531,378)		(887,181) (3,772,146)
Payments to suppliers		(1,470,902)		(1,709,000)		(551,576)		(3,112,140)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(225,141)		(760,756)		565,659		(420,238)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities								
Loans (to) from other funds		-		870,756		(870,756)		-
Grant funding		362,419		-		-		362,419
Principal paid on note payable		(104,704)		-		-		(104,704
Transfers out	_	(110,000)	_	(110,000)	-	(140,000)		(360,000
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital								
financing activities		147,715		760,756		(1,010,756)		(102,285
					_		_	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						(540,000)		(540.000
Interest paid		-		-		(548,806)		(548,806
Principal paid on long-term debt Acquisitions of capital assets		-		-		(655,000)		(655,000
Acquisitions of capital assets				-		(8,157)		(8,157
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related								
financing activities		-		-		(1,211,963)		(1,211,963
Seek flows from investing activities								
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income		_		_		10,032		10,032
						10,002		10,002
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments		(77,426)		-		(1,647,028)		(1,724,454
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year		298,568				6,740,450		7,039,018
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	221,142	\$	-	\$	5,093,422	\$	5,314,564
Cash flows from operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(663,980)	\$	(833,796)	\$	(429,679)	\$	(1,927,455
	Ŷ	(000,000)	Ŷ	(000,100)	Ŧ	(120,010)	Ŧ	(1,021,100
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation		38,044		29,378		883,187		950,609
Change in operating assets and liabilities								
which provided (used) cash		(0.005)		(== (=0)				(=0.000
Accounts receivable		(2,285)		(75,158)		1,234		(76,209
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-		8,096		1,766		9,862
Deferred inflow Deferred outflow		2,139 (82,961)		2,721 (108,068)		4,771		9,631
		(,		· · /		(180,448)		(371,477
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		338,436 1,293		1,726 (102)		21,604 383		361,766 1,574
Accrued liabilities Accrued compensated absences		1,293		(102) 881		383 8,367		1,574 9,271
Accrued compensated absences Accrued other post-employment benefits		23 34,713		45,878		61,123		
Net pension liability		109,437		45,676 167,688		193,351		141,714 470,476
		103,437		107,000		190,001		470,470
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(225,141)	\$	(760,756)	\$	565,659	\$	(420,238
			<u> </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u> </u>	- ,	<u> </u>	, -,

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Fund - John Hendrick <u>Flower Fund</u>			Agency <u>Funds</u>		
Assets	\$	2 076	¢	700 075		
Cash and pooled investments	Φ	2,876	Φ	788,875		
Due from other governments		-		27,718		
Total assets	\$	2,876	\$	816,593		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	313,211		
Due to other governments		-		503,382		
Total liabilities		-	\$	816,593		
Net position	\$	2,876				

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Fund - John Hendrick <u>Flower Fund</u>
Additions Interest earnings	<u>\$ </u>
Total additions	-
Deductions Fees	
Total deductions	-
Changes in net position	-
Net position, beginning of year	2,876
Net position, end of year	<u>\$2,876</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Muskegon Heights, Michigan (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City. A separate section of the Basic Financial Statements provides detailed financial information on the discretely presented component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit column in the basic financial statements includes the financial data of the Downtown Development Authority (DDA). This entity is reported in a separate column and rows to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The City also has one additional component unit which had no financial assets or financial activity during the year (the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority). The DDA was formed to complete various projects in the downtown district. Funding for these projects will be provided through captured property taxes from various units of government. The members of the governing board of the DDA are appointed by the City Council. The budgets of the DDA must be approved by the City Council, and the City has the ability to significantly influence its operations. Financial statements are not separately issued for the DDA.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are changes between enterprise functions and other various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursement-based grants, income taxes, fees, interest and other revenues use up to a one year collection period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, reimbursement-based grants, income taxes, state revenue, fees, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include depreciation on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Major Streets Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the receipt and expenditures of state shared gas and weight taxes restricted to major street activities within the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's sewer department that provides sewer services to most residents of the City on a user charge basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The *Water Enterprise Fund* is used to account for the operations of the City's water department that provides water services to most residents of the City on a user charge basis.

The *Water Supply Enterprise Fund* is used to account for operations of the City water treatment plant and related assets utilized to treat and distribute water to the City on a user charge basis.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Special Revenue Funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than perpetual trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of governmental funds.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the accumulation and disbursement of resources for the construction of City capital projects.

The *Private Purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for resources that are restricted for the benefit of other governments, organizations or individual.

The *Agency Fund* is used to account for payroll and the collection and disbursement of property taxes that are collected on behalf of outside governments.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget are presented for the general fund and major special revenue funds. The general and special revenue funds adopt a legal budget with remaining funds maintaining budgets as a management control device. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to November 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget is adopted by activity.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed for the governmental fund types as a management control device.
- 5. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the City are governed by Michigan state law. The appropriations resolution is based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the City. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Michigan law. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a department subject to the condition that the total expenditures do not exceed the approved appropriations by department. Thus the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. Supplemental appropriations were not necessary during the year.

Cash and Pooled Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and pooled investments to be cash and cash equivalents because the pooling of these balances allows for withdrawal of these balances at any time similar to a demand deposit account.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value at the balance sheet date.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

Receivables

All receivables are recorded at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. At year end allowance for uncollectible receivable balances were approximately \$90,000 and \$75,000 for water and sewer funds respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables are short term borrowings that arise from interfund transactions which are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

Inventory

All inventories are valued at original cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory represents parts, materials, supplies utilized in the various City operations as well as houses held for resale.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

No interest expense has been incurred or capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

Depreciation on capital assets (including infrastructure) is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Voare

	Tears
Buildings and improvements	7-50
Equipment	5-40
Motor vehicles	5-25
Infrastructure	5-100

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. For new bond issuances after the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Compensated Absences

Under contracts negotiated with employee groups, individual employees may have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation and sick time benefits under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts. Accumulated vacation and sick time benefits of governmental funds is recorded on the statement of net position and not on the governmental fund balance sheets because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Amounts accumulated for proprietary funds are reported on the statements of net position of the individual enterprise funds.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to the Net Pension Liability that are discussed in Note 8.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of items, one of which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, unavailable revenue, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet from taxes levied for next year, and unavailable receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category related to the Net Pension Liability that are discussed in Note 8.

Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds report fund balance in the following five categories:

- 1. Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The assets are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, non-current financial assets, and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- 2. Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the entities governing board.
- 4. Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by management as authorized by the governing board.
- 5. Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Property Taxes

City property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1. Taxes are levied July 1 and are due without penalty on or before August 15. These summer tax bills include the City's own property taxes and taxes billed on behalf of other taxing units within the City limits. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to the County for collection, which advances the City 100% for the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City Treasurer.

Property taxes levied in July of each year are recognized as revenue for one half of the levy in the current year and the balance is recognized in the following year.

Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

Grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenue when entitlement occurs. Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditure/expenses are incurred.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and to service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Operating subsidies are also recorded as transfers.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

2. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS

Michigan law provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the City's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgeted funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the City for these budgeted funds were adopted at the activity level.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the City incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Final		Over
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Expended
General fund			
General government			
Mayor	\$ 6,642	\$ 7,240	\$ 598
Personnel	8,560	18,094	9,534
Elections	19,800	21,297	1,497
Assessor	119,232	126,318	7,086
City attorney	70,000	80,437	10,437
Motor pool	41,000	53,491	12,491
Cemetery	116,482	147,450	30,968
DTE test and tune program	-	14,600	14,600
Other general government	320,155	368,728	48,573
Public safety			
Police	2,104,938	2,250,267	145,329
Special investigations		688	688
Fire	1,183,102	1,384,291	201,189
Inspections	221,348	221,369	21
Public works			
Public works	75,600	105,434	29,834
Refuse collection	593,000	616,688	23,688
Community development			
Farmer's market	2,300	34,006	31,706
Planning	7,300	12,871	5,571
Nonmajor funds			
Local streets			
Public works	271,376	282,988	11,612

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the financial statements relating to cash and pooled investments are as follows:

	Primary <u>Government</u>	Component <u>Units</u>	Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$6,546,702	\$567,050	\$791,751	\$7,905,503

Cash and pooled investments captions consist of the following at December 31, 2016:

Deposits and certificates of deposit	\$6,425,477
Mutual funds and securities	1,480,026
Total	\$7,905,503

The deposits are in financial institutions located in Michigan in varying amounts. State policy limits the Treasurer's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the City and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in City records at fair value. Interest is recorded when earned.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require, and the City does not have, a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$6,536,545 of the City's bank balance of \$6,786,545 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the balance was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

The City chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of year-end, the City had the following investments:

	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value	Rating	<u>Source</u>
Mutual fund accounts				
PNC Government Money Market	N/A	\$ 5,325	Unrated	
Federated Trust for US Treasury Obligations	N/A	1,335,164	AAAm	S&P
Ishares Core US Aggregate Bond Fund	N/A	9,185	3 star	Morningstar
Prudential Total Return Bond Fund	N/A	130,352	5 star	Morningstar
		\$1,480,026		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The City categorizes its fair value measurements of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year end.

- The City does not have any investments that report fair value based on inputs that are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs).
- Mutual fund accounts are valued using a pricing model utilizing observable fair value measures of fund/pool investments and other observable inputs to determining the fair value of the securities making up the of investments fund/pool (Level 2 inputs).
- The City does not haves any investments that report fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Investment risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity date for each investment is identified above for investments held at year-end.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The rating for each investment is identified above for investments held at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. Of the above \$1,480,026 of investments the City's custodial credit risk exposure cannot be determined because the invested funds do not consist of specifically identifiable securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

4. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

On the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet, the aggregate deferred inflows represent items that will be recognized as revenue in future periods. They are as follows:

	General <u>fund</u>	Major <u>Streets</u>	Nonmajor governmental <u>funds</u>
Unavailable property tax revenue Unavailable special assessment revenue	\$934,347	\$- 19,505	\$ - -
Unavailable receivable	48,850	-	962
Total	\$983,197	\$19,505	\$962

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivables and payables of individual funds at December 31, 2016 were as follows:

Interfund balances primarily reflect loans made from funds with cash and pooled investments to those funds requiring temporary cash flow.

	Payable		
Receivable fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	Water <u>fund</u>	Total
General fund	\$352,302	\$ -	\$ 352,302
Water supply fund	-	1,581,424	1,581,424
Total	\$352,302	\$1,581,424	\$1,933,726

Transfers in and out for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Trar	nsfer in	
	General	Non-major governmental	
Transfer out	<u>Fund</u>	<u>funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$-	\$ 43,191	\$ 43,191
Major Streets	-	70,000	70,000
Enterprise			
Sewer	110,000	-	110,000
Water	110,000	-	110,000
Water Supply	140,000	-	140,000
Non-major governmental funds	-	23,257	23,257
Total	\$360,000	\$136,448	\$496,448

Transfers to the general fund represent payments to fund administrative costs from benefiting funds while transfers into other funds are generally operations subsidies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

Coventimental Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated Construction in progress - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - 1,436,740 - - 4,136,740 - - 4,136,740 - - 1,473,073 Motor vehicles 1,565,018 14,370 29,066,760 123,015 14,370 29,167,405 - 1,82,03,952 256,664 - 1,813,662 - 1,82,03,852 - 5,994,993 6,533,845 6,533,845 16,53		Balance January 1, <u>2016</u>		Addition	<u>s</u>	Deletio	ons	Dec	llance cember <u>, 2016</u>
Land \$ 259,408 \$ - \$ - \$ 259,408 Construction in progress - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 259,408 - - 26,028,77 - 1,473,073 Motor vehicles 1,655,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 - 1,912,121 - 1,92,121 - 1,92,121 - 1,92,121 - 1,92,121 - 5,94,993 6 6,53,845 - 5,9,494,933 6,793,2	Governmental Activities								
Construction in progress - <td>• • • •</td> <td>¢</td> <td>250 400</td> <td>¢</td> <td></td> <td>¢</td> <td></td> <td>¢</td> <td>250 409</td>	• • • •	¢	250 400	¢		¢		¢	250 409
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 259,408 - - 259,408 Gapital assets, being depreciated 4,136,740 - - 4,136,740 Buildings and improvements 1,429,236 43,837 - 1,473,073 Motor vehicles 2,590,147 79,178 14,370 2,654,955 Infrastructure 20,902,637 - - 20,902,637 Total capital assets, being depreciated 29,058,760 123,015 14,370 29,167,405 Less accumulated depreciation for 1,655,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 Buildings and improvements 1,655,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 Total accumulated depreciation 1,546,438 164,945 14,370 1,697,013 Infrastructure 18,203,952 265,664 - 18,469,616 Total accumulated depreciated 26,533,845 (538,852) - \$,999,993 Governmental Activities - - - - - - - - - - -		Ф	259,408	Ф	-	Э	-	Ф	259,408
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements 4,136,740 - - 4,136,740 Equipment Motor vehicles 1,429,236 43,837 - 1,473,073 Motor vehicles 2,590,147 79,178 14,370 2,654,955 Infrastructure 20,902,637 - - 20,902,637 Total capital assets, being depreciated 29,058,760 123,015 14,370 29,167,405 Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements 1,655,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 Total capital assets, being depreciated 29,058,760 123,015 14,370 29,167,405 Motor vehicles 1,565,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 Equipment 1,119,507 72,614 - 1,192,121 Net capital assets, being depreciated 6,533,845 (538,852) - 5,994,993 Governmental Activities capital assets, not being depreciated 40,012 - - - Land \$ 40,012 \$ \$ 6,254,401 Buildings			-		-		-		-
Buildings and improvements 4,136,740 - - 4,136,740 Equipment 1,429,236 43,837 - 1,473,073 Motor vehicles 2,590,147 79,178 14,370 2,654,955 Infrastructure 20,902,637 - - 20,902,637 Total capital assets, being depreciated 2,902,637 1,4370 2,9167,405 Less accumulated depreciation for 1,655,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 Equipment 1,546,438 164,945 14,370 1,697,013 Infrastructure 18,203,952 265,664 - 18,469,616 Total accumulated depreciated 6,533,845 14,370 23,172,412 Governmental Activities capital assets, net \$ 6,793,253 \$ (538,852) - \$ 9,94,993 Buildings and improvements 213,699 - - - - Equipment 20,62,322 - 20,94,893 - 20,23,861 Buildings and improvements 213,699 - 213,699 - 213,699			259,408		-		-		259,408
Equipment 1,429,236 43,837 - 1,473,073 Motor vehicles 2,590,147 79,178 14,370 2,649,955 Infrastructure 20,902,637 - - 20,022,637 Total capital assets, being depreciated 29,058,760 123,015 14,370 29,167,405 Less accumulated depreciation for 1,655,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 Equipment 1,119,507 72,614 - 1,92,121 Motor vehicles 1,546,438 164,945 14,370 1,897,013 Infrastructure 18,203,952 265,664 - 18,469,616 Total accumulated depreciated 6,533,845 (538,852) - \$ 6,254,401 Business-type Activities - - - - - Construction in progress - - - - - - - Total capital assets, not being depreciated 2,062,322 - - 2,062,322 - \$ 40,012 Construction in progress - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td>4</td><td>400 740</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>400 740</td></td<>		4	400 740						400 740
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Infrastructure 20,902,637 - - 20,902,637 Total capital assets, being depreciated 29,058,760 123,015 14,370 29,167,405 Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements 1,655,018 158,644 - 1,813,662 Equipment 1,546,438 164,945 14,370 23,172,412 1,697,013 Motor vehicles 1,546,438 164,945 14,370 23,172,412 6,653,845 5,394,993 Governmental Activities capital assets, net 6,533,845 (538,852) - 5,994,993 Business-type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated 40,012 - - Aud \$ 40,012 - - - - Buildings and improvements 2,062,322 - - 2,062,322 Capital assets, not being depreciated 213,699 - - 2,062,322 Dant 2,062,322 - - 2,062,322 - 2,062,322 Plant 2,062,322 - - 2,062,322 - 2,062,322 - 2,062,322 Plant <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>				,			-		
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Buildings and improvements 213,699 - - 213,699 Equipment 2,062,322 - - 2,062,322 Plant 22,310,453 8,157 - 22,318,610 Infrastructure 9,204,884 - - 9,204,884 Total capital assets, being depreciated 33,791,358 8,157 - 33,799,515 Less accumulated depreciation for 95,520 8,512 - 104,032 Equipment 1,362,341 108,472 - 1,470,813 Plant 9,373,599 731,926 - 10,105,525 Infrastructure 7,457,742 101,699 - 7,559,441 Total accumulated depreciation 18,289,202 950,609 - 19,239,811 Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704	Total capital assets, not being depreciated		40,012		-		-		40,012
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Plant 22,310,453 8,157 - 22,318,610 Infrastructure 9,204,884 - - 9,204,884 Total capital assets, being depreciated 33,791,358 8,157 - 33,799,515 Less accumulated depreciation for 95,520 8,512 - 104,032 Equipment 1,362,341 108,472 - 1,470,813 Plant 9,373,599 731,926 - 10,105,525 Infrastructure 7,457,742 101,699 - 7,559,441 Total accumulated depreciation 18,289,202 950,609 - 19,239,811 Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704		2	2,062,322			-	2	2,062,322	
Total capital assets, being depreciated 33,791,358 8,157 - 33,799,515 Less accumulated depreciation for 95,520 8,512 - 104,032 Equipment 1,362,341 108,472 - 1,470,813 Plant 9,373,599 731,926 - 10,105,525 Infrastructure 7,457,742 101,699 - 7,559,441 Total accumulated depreciation 18,289,202 950,609 - 19,239,811 Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704		22	2,310,453	8,1	57		-	22	2,318,610
Less accumulated depreciation for 95,520 8,512 - 104,032 Equipment 1,362,341 108,472 - 1,470,813 Plant 9,373,599 731,926 - 10,105,525 Infrastructure 7,457,742 101,699 - 7,559,441 Total accumulated depreciation 18,289,202 950,609 - 19,239,811 Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704	Infrastructure	ç	9,204,884		-		-	g	,204,884
Buildings and improvements 95,520 8,512 - 104,032 Equipment 1,362,341 108,472 - 1,470,813 Plant 9,373,599 731,926 - 10,105,525 Infrastructure 7,457,742 101,699 - 7,559,441 Total accumulated depreciation 18,289,202 950,609 - 19,239,811 Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704	Total capital assets, being depreciated			8,157 -		-	33	8,799,515	
Equipment1,362,341108,472-1,470,813Plant9,373,599731,926-10,105,525Infrastructure7,457,742101,699-7,559,441Total accumulated depreciation18,289,202950,609-19,239,811Net capital assets, being depreciated15,502,156(942,452)-14,559,704	Less accumulated depreciation for								
Equipment1,362,341108,472-1,470,813Plant9,373,599731,926-10,105,525Infrastructure7,457,742101,699-7,559,441Total accumulated depreciation18,289,202950,609-19,239,811Net capital assets, being depreciated15,502,156(942,452)-14,559,704	Buildings and improvements		95,520	8,5	512		-		104,032
Plant 9,373,599 731,926 - 10,105,525 Infrastructure 7,457,742 101,699 - 7,559,441 Total accumulated depreciation 18,289,202 950,609 - 19,239,811 Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704							-	1	
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Total accumulated depreciation 18,289,202 950,609 - 19,239,811 Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704	Infrastructure						-		
Net capital assets, being depreciated 15,502,156 (942,452) - 14,559,704	Total accumulated depreciation						-		
				,			-		
				\$(942,4	52)	\$	-	\$14	,599,716

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Balance January 1, <u>2016 Additions Del</u>		<u>Deletions</u>	Balance December <u>31, 2016</u>
Downtown Development Authority (DDA) Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$294,635	\$-	\$-	\$294,635
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	294,635	-	-	294,635
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	758,835	-	-	758,835
Infrastructure	88,387	-	-	88,387
Total capital assets, being depreciated	847,222	-	-	847,222
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	367,660	21,908	-	389,568
Infrastructure	22,097	4,419	-	26,516
Total accumulated depreciation	389,757	26,327	-	416,084
Net capital assets, being depreciated	457,465	(26,327)	-	431,138
DDA capital assets, net	\$752,100	\$(26,327)	\$-	\$725,773

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities General government Public safety Public works and streets Culture and recreation	\$ 16,488 46,166 586,023 13,190
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$661,867
Business-type Activities Sewer Water Water supply	\$ 38,044 29,378 883,187
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$950,609

7. PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multipleemployer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits provided

Benefits provided include plans with multipliers ranging from 2.0 to 2.5. Vesting period of 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50-55 with 25 years of service Final average compensation is calculated based on 3-5 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Membership of the defined benefit plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (December 31, 2015):

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	97
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	17
Active plan members	62
Total	176

Contributions

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which for the current year was from 0 to 46.88% of annual covered payroll depending on position and classification. For divisions closed to new employees the employer has monthly employer contributions amount of \$2,481. Participating employees are required to contribute from 3% to 6% percent of gross wages to the Plan based on position and classification. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of employees are established and may be amended by labor agreements.

Net Pension Liability

The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5% (3-4% for 2014)

Salary Increases: base wage inflation of 3.75% in the long-term (plus merit and longevity from 0 to 11% based on age) (4.5 for 2014)

Investment rate of return: 7.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation (8.25 for 2014)

Mortality rates used for non-disabled plan member were based on a weighted blend of RP-2014 mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend. Mortality rates used for disabled plan member were based on a blend of RP-2014 disabled retire mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend of disabled retires. (1994 group annuity tables is 2014)

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money Weighted Rate of Return
Global Equity	57.5%	6.27%	3.60%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	3.43%	0.68%
Real Assets	12.5%	5.48%	0.69%
Diversifying Strategies	10.0%	7.81%	0.78%
Inflation			2.00%
Administrative fee			0.25%
Investment rate of return			8.00%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

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		ncrease (Decrease	e)
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at 1/1/15	\$31,640,899	\$22,074,136	\$9,566,763
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	379,304	-	379,304
Interest	2,529,504	-	2,529,504
Change in benefits	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(103,857)	-	(103,857)
Change in assumptions	1,773,233	-	1,773,233
Contributions : Employer	-	858,868	(858,868)
Contributions: Employee	-	175,584	(175,584)
Net Investment Income	-	(313,419)	313,419
Benefit Payments, including refunds	(2,339,795)	(2,339,795)	-
Administrative expense	-	(46,971)	46,971
Other Changes	-	-	-
Net Changes	2,238,389	(1,665,733)	3,904,122
Balance at 12/31/15	\$33,879,288	\$20,408,403	\$13,470,885

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7%) or 1% higher (9%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% increase
Total Pension Liability	\$37,532,854	\$33,879,288	\$30,791,883
Fiduciary Net Position	22,408,403	20,408,403	20,408,403
Net Pension Liability	\$15,124,451	\$13,470,885	\$10,383,480

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2016 the employer recognized pension expense of \$2,066,419. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences in experience	\$-	\$69,238
Differences in assumptions	1,182,155	-
Excess(Deficit) Investment Returns Contributions subsequent to the	1,901,045	-
Measurement date*	808,391	-
Total	\$3,891,591	\$69,238

* The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending 2016.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2017	\$1,051,557
2018	1,051,557
2019	495,099
2020	415,749
2021	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$3,013,962

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Defined Contribution Plan

The City's defined contribution pension plans provide pension benefits for employees in certain bargaining and non-bargaining units. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employer and plan member contributions are recognized in the period that the contributions are due. Plan investments are excluded from this report as the fiduciary responsibility for this plan rests with MERS.

Participation in the defined contribution plan is based on employment classification. The City contributes 10% of each participant's base salary to the plan. Employees are required to contribute a minimum of 5.7% of base pay to the plan. Participating employees are 100% vested in the member's accumulated balance after one year. The plan provisions and contribution amounts were established by the City Council and may be amended by the City Council. The plan is administered by MERS. The City and member contributions were \$2,660 and \$1,527, respectively, for the current year.

8. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The plan provides health insurance premiums for retirees and their spouse until death. The rate paid for a surviving spouse is capped at the 1992 rate of \$190 per month. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and bargaining units and employee groups. The City makes 100% of the premium payment to the plan. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and a legal trust has not been established for the plan.

The City's contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the current year the annual required contribution (ARC) was \$1,464,595 while actual contributions were \$612,286.

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City OPEB obligation to the plan.

Annual required contribution	\$1,464,595
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	205,897
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(342,477)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,328,015
Contribution made	612,286
Increase in net OPEB obligation	715,729
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	5,147,431
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$5,863,160

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities of benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Three-Ye	ear Trend Info	ormation		
	Fiscal Year	Annual OPE		Percentage	Net OPE	
	<u>Ending</u> 12/31/14	<u>Cost</u> \$1,255		Contributed 37%	<u>Obligatio</u> \$4,334,	
	12/31/15	,	4,369	38%	5,147,	
	12/31/16	1,328	3,015	46%	5,863,	160
		Schedul	e of Funding	Progress		
Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u> 12/31/14	Market Value of Assets <u>(a</u>) \$ -	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) <u>(b)</u> \$13,825,676	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) <u>(b-a)</u> \$13,825,676	Funded Ratio <u>Total</u> 0%	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u> \$2,545,231	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll <u>((b-a)/c)</u> 543%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The City is currently funding the plan on a pay as you go basis.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

In the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method, level dollar, closed amortization method, and an amortization period of 24 years were utilized. The actuarial assumptions included a 0% return on plan net position as the plan is not funded, a discount rate of 4%, and healthcare inflation factor from 9% graded down to 5% over four years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the City debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Balance January 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2016	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities 2013 Capital Improvement Bonds, due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$145,000 through November 2028; plus interest at 3.35%	<u>2010</u> \$1,570,000	<u>s</u> -	\$100,000	<u>\$1,470,000</u>	\$100,000
1997C Michigan Municipal Bond Authority, Advanced Refunding of Series 1991C, Group B of 1991 bonds, due in varying installments of \$20,000 to \$75,000 through November 2020; plus interest at 7.2%	310,000	-	50,000	260,000	55,000
2007 Michigan Municipal Bond Authority Energy Conservation Installment Purchase due in monthly installments of \$32,721 to \$64,784 including interest at 4.7% through November 2, 2022	657,156		66,273	590,883	73,348
2007 Brownfield Redevelopment Grant Project due in monthly installments of \$9,297 including interest at 2% through October 20, 2026	93,638	-	7,893	85,745	8,012
Central Dispatch Phone System installment purchase due in annual installments of \$7,195 including interest at 0% through October 2016	7,195	-	7,195	-	-
Other post-employment benefits Accrued employee benefits	4,181,908 381,801	574,015 159,723	- 200,825	4,755,923 340,699	- 191,941
Total Governmental Activities	\$7,201,698	\$733,738	\$432,186	\$7,503,250	\$428,301

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Business-type Activities 2005 Water Supply System revenue refunding bonds due in annual	Balance January 1, <u>2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance December <u>31, 2016</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
installments of \$40,000 to \$465,000 through November 2030; plus interest from 3.3% to 4.5%	\$5,380,000	\$-	\$275,000	\$5,105,000	\$285,000
2006 Water Supply System revenue refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$465,000 through November 2030; plus interest from 3.3% to 4.5%	7,740,000	-	380,000	7,360,000	400,000
2011 Muskegon County Note Payable due in monthly installments of \$11,634 through September 2016	104,704	-	104,704	-	-
Other post-employment benefits Accrued employee benefits	965,523 36,943	141,714 37,723	۔ 28,451	1,107,237 46,215	- 35,886
Total Business-type Activities	\$14,227,170	\$179,437	\$788,155	\$13,618,452	\$720,886

Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged all future revenues of the water supply system, to repay \$16,465,000 of water supply system refunding revenue bonds issued in 2005 and 2006 in addition to funding water supply system operating and maintenance costs. Proceeds from these refunding bonds provided financing to advance refund revenue bonds which financed improvements to the water supply system. These bonds are payable solely from water supply revenues and are payable through 2030. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on these bonds is \$16,805,508. For the current year, principal and interest paid was \$1,202,306 and net revenues available for principal and interest payments was approximately \$450,000.

The City has covenanted and agreed to fix and maintain at all times while any of the bonds are outstanding such rates for service furnished by the water supply system as shall be sufficient to (i) provide the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds when due, (ii) provide for the creation and maintenance of a reserve therefore as required by ordinance, (iii) provide for the payment of expenses of administration and operation and such expenses for maintenance of the system as are necessary to preserve the water supply system in good repair and working order. In addition to the forgoing, the City shall prepare an annual budget for the water supply system in which net revenue for each future year are reasonably projected to be equal to not less than one hundred ten percent (110%) of the principal and interest requirements coming due during such fiscal year on the bonds. For the current year principal and interest payments on the bonds exceeded available net revenue. The City budget for fiscal years 2016 and 2017 did not me the requirements of the above covenant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding (excluding accrued employee benefits) as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities
Year Ending				
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2017	\$ 237,360	\$ 91,449	\$ 685,000	\$ 521,518
2018	256,186	81,352	705,000	494,546
2019	280,690	70,437	735,000	466,780
2020	295,915	58,358	765,000	437,838
2021	236,911	45,793	795,000	407,238
2021-2025	814,566	120,392	4,470,000	1,521,487
2026-2030	285,000	14,404	4,310,000	491,101
Total	\$2,406,628	\$482,185	\$12,465,000	\$4,340,508

The City pays the County of Muskegon for operating and debt service costs related to wastewater treatment activities based on the City's flow into the County wastewater treatment system. The City has not recorded a liability for any portion of the County wastewater treatment system debt.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The City also purchases health and other insurance for employees. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

11. CONTINGENCIES AND ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

In the normal course of its operations, the City has become a party in various legal actions, including property tax appeals. Management of the City is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City. Amounts reserved for losses related to legal actions have not been included as a liability in the financial statements.

Under the terms of various Federal and State grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required and certain costs maybe questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material to the financial position of the City.

Fruitport Charter Township and the City of Norton Shores withdrew as wholesale customers of the water and water supply funds during fiscal year 2015. Both entities continue to be contractually obligated to make payments to the water supply fund for debt service on outstanding revenue bonds. During fiscal year 2014 Fruitport Charter Township and the City of Norton Shores made up approximately 47% and 28% of water supply and water fund operating revenues respectively. Fruitport Charter Township and the City of Norton Shores did not make required payments for debt service on outstanding revenue bonds in 2016. Communication from Fruitport Charter Township and the City of Norton Shores indicates that they do not intend to make future contractually required contributions for debt service on outstanding City revenue bonds. The City has not reported a receivable for the balance due under contractual requirements from Fruitport Charter Township and the City of Norton Shores.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

12. OPERATING LEASES

The City is committed under various leases for equipment. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$28,616. Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

2017	\$ 28,936
2018	28,936
2019	28,936
2020	20,795
2021	320
Total	\$107,923

13. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City entered into property tax abatements agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended. These agreements provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. An Industrial Facilities Exemption (IFE) certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 1-12 years as determined by the local unit of government. The agreements entered into by the City include claw back provisions should the recipient of the tax abatement fail to fully meet its commitments, such as employment levels and timelines for relocation. The IFT is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%. The City's property tax abatements under this program were approximately \$17,500 for the year.

The City entered into property tax abatement agreements with 5 local organizations to provide housing for Elderly and Low Income Persons and Families and to encourage the development of such housing by providing for a service charge in lieu of property taxes in accordance with the State Housing Development Authority Act of 1966 (1966 PA 346, as amended, MCL 125.1401, et seq, MSA 116.11-4(1), et seq). Under the agreements the organization pays a percentage of annual shelter rent in lieu of taxes or the ad valorem property taxes whichever is smaller. The agreements are approved for terms dependent on the status of outstanding loans, participation in Low income housing tax credits, and rehabilitation of the property. The City property tax abatements under this program were approximately \$95,000 for the year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget Amounts			Actual	Variance Positive		
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>()</u>	<u>legative)</u>
Revenues							
Taxes							
Property	\$	2,037,000	\$	2,037,000	\$ 1,885,687	\$	(151,313)
Income		840,000		840,000	993,619		153,619
Intergovernmental revenues							
Federal		304,000		304,000	364,981		60,981
State		1,488,633		1,488,633	1,441,222		(47,411)
Local		-		-	10,980		10,980
Other		150,000		150,000	75,000		(75,000)
Private grants		-		-	16,105		16,105
Licenses and permits		123,000		123,000	120,131		(2,869)
Charges for services		929,850		929,850	897,659		(32,191)
Fines		65,000		65,000	72,176		7,176
Interest earnings		1,400		1,400	114		(1,286)
Miscellaneous		68,300		68,300	 121,527		53,227
Total revenues		6,007,183		6,007,183	 5,999,201		(7,982)
Expenditures							
Current							
General government		1,556,779		1,556,779	1,508,698		48,081
Public safety		3,509,388		3,509,388	3,856,615		(347,227)
Public works		893,600		893,600	898,289		(4,689)
Community development		9,600		9,600	46,877		(37,277)
Culture and recreation		83,919		83,919	60,838		23,081
Debt service							
Principal		174,166		174,166	174,166		-
Interest		84,413		84,413	 84,117		296
Total expenditures		6,311,865		6,311,865	 6,629,600		(317,735)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(304,682)		(304,682)	 (630,399)		309,753
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		370,000		370,000	360,000		(10,000)
Transfers out		(43,500)		(43,500)	(43,191)		(10,000) 309
		(43,300)		(43,300)	 (43,191)		509
Total other financing sources (uses)		326,500		326,500	 316,809		(9,691)
Net changes in fund balance		21,818		21,818	(313,590)		(335,408)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,241,597		1,241,597	 1,241,597		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,263,415	\$	1,263,415	\$ 928,007	\$	(335,408)

MAJOR STREETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amount</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental revenues				
State	716,940	716,940	706,903	(10,037)
Charges for services	-	-	14,152	14,152
Interest earnings	-	-	2,445	2,445
Miscellaneous			3,742	3,742
Total revenues	716,940	716,940	727,242	10,302
Expenditures Current				
Public works	628,456	628,456	494,297	134,159
Revenues over (under) expenditures	88,484	88,484	232,945	(123,857)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(70,000)	(70,000)	(70,000)	<u> </u>
Net changes in fund balance	18,484	18,484	162,945	144,461
Fund balance, beginning of year	638,040	638,040	638,040	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 656,524</u>	<u>\$ 656,524</u>	<u>\$ 800,985</u>	<u>\$ 144,461</u>

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2014	2015
Total pension liability	2014	2010
Service cost	\$ 387,556	\$ 379,304
Interest	2,482,950	2,529,504
Changes in benefit terms	_,,	_,0_0,00
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	(103,857)
Changes in assumptions	-	1,773,233
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(2,353,931)	(2,339,795)
Other	44,769	-
Net change in total pension liability	561,344	2,238,389
Total pension liability, beginning of year	31,079,555	31,640,899
Total pension liability, ending of year	\$31,640,899	\$ 33,879,288
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>+ ; ;</u>	+
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions-employer	\$ 832,783	\$ 858,868
Contributions-employee	196,109	175,584
Net Investment income	1,368,217	(313,419)
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(2,353,931)	(2,339,795)
Administrative expense	(49,936)	(46,971)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(6,758)	(1,665,733)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	22,080,894	22,074,136
Plan fiduciary net position, ending of year	\$22,074,136	\$ 20,408,403
Than hadolary not pool on, on any of your	<i>φ</i> 22,07 1,100	<u> </u>
Employer net pension liability	\$ 9,566,763	\$ 13,470,885
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	700/	000/
total pension liability	70%	60%
Covered employee payroll	2,975,300	2,886,460
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage		
of covered employee payroll	322%	467%

Notes to schedule:

Above information is based on a December 31 measurement date.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

		2015	2016		
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	858,868 \$	808,391		
determined contribution		858,868	808,391		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	-		
Covered employee payroll		2,975,300	2,886,460		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		29%	28%		
Notes to schedule					
Actuarial cost method		ry Age	c 11		
Amortization method Remaining amortization period		vel percentage	of payroll, open		
Asset valuation method	•	•	10 years for 2014)		
Inflation	2.5% (3-4% for 2014)				
Salary increases	3.75% (4.5 for 2014)				
Investment rate of return	7.75% (8.00 for 2014)				
Retirement age	Varies depending on plan adoptior 50% female/ 50% male RP-2014				
Mortality		nortality table	IIIale RP-2014		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RETIREE HEALTH OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL <u>(UAAL)</u>	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	1	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
12/31/2008	\$ -	\$ 9,362,451	\$ 9,362,451	()%	\$ 2,586,996	362%
12/31/2011	-	13,577,666	13,577,666	()%	2,241,804	606%
12/31/2014	-	13,825,676	13,825,676	()%	2,545,231	543%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended December 31	Annual OPEB <u>Cost</u>	Actual Contribution	Percent <u>Contributed</u>
2014	\$ 1,255,069	\$ 458,452	37%
2015	1,304,369	491,398	38%
2016	2,012,969	612,286	30%

Note to required supplementary information

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts an annual budget for the general and each special revenue fund following the GAAP basis of accounting. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

-	Budget Amounts			_	Actual	Variance Positive		
	<u>Ori</u>	<u>ginal</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amount</u>		(Negative)
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	¢	00 000	۴	00.000	۴	00.040	٠	100
City council	\$	29,800	\$	29,800	\$	29,640	\$	160
Mayor		6,642		6,642		7,240		(598)
City manager		140,175		140,175		64,667		75,508
Personnel		8,560		8,560		18,094		(9,534)
Elections		19,800		19,800		21,297		(1,497)
Income tax		74,077		74,077		71,198		2,879
Assessor		119,232		119,232		126,318		(7,086)
City attorney		70,000		70,000		80,437		(10,437)
City Clerk		110,942		110,942		107,532		3,410
Finance		239,247		239,247		172,858		66,389
Treasurer		57,072		57,072		52,130		4,942
Data processing		19,500		19,500		19,367		133
Buildings and grounds		184,095		184,095		153,651		30,444
Motor pool		41,000		41,000		53,491		(12,491)
Cemetery		116,482		116,482		147,450		(30,968)
DTE test and tune program		-		-		14,600		(14,600)
Other general government		320,155		320,155		368,728		(48,573)
	1	,556,779		1,556,779		1,508,698		48,081
Public safety								
Police	2	,104,938		2,104,938		2,250,267		(145,329)
Special investigations		-		-		688		(688)
Fire	1	,183,102		1,183,102		1,384,291		(201,189)
Inspections		221,348		221,348		221,369		(21)
	3	,509,388		3,509,388		3,856,615		(347,227)
Public works		, , ,		<u> </u>				
Public works		75,600		75,600		105,434		(29,834)
Street lighting		225,000		225,000		176,167		48,833
Refuse collection		593,000		593,000		616,688		(23,688)
		893,600		893,600		898,289		(4,689)
Community development		030,000		033,000		030,203		(+,000)
Farmer's market		2,300		2,300		34,006		(31,706)
Planning		2,300 7,300		2,300 7,300		12,871		(5,571)
Taning								
		9,600		9,600		46,877		(37,277)
Culture and recreation								
Parks		69,300		69,300		50,525		18,775
Library		12,119		12,119		10,295		1,824
Mona Lake boat launch		2,500		2,500		18		2,482
		83,919		83,919		60,838		23,081
Debt service								
Principal		174,166		174,166		174,166		-
Interest and fiscal charges		84,413		84,413		84,117		296
č		258,579		258,579		258,283		296
Total expenditures	<u>\$6</u>	,311,865	\$	6,311,865	\$	6,629,600	\$	(317,735)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2016

Assets Cash and pooled investments Receivables Accounts	Local <u>Streets</u> \$	Community Development <u>Block Grant</u> - \$ -	MSHDA \$ 27,602 14,729	Cemetery Perpetual Care \$ 299,389 3,228
Due from other governments Total assets	<u>137,11</u> <u>\$137,11</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund b Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments	alances \$ 3,95 2,53 127,95	1 1,983	\$ - - 41,000	\$ - - -
Unearned revenue Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	134,43	<u>- 5,148</u> <u>9 141,606</u>	41,000	
Unavailable revenue - long-term receivables		<u> </u>		962
Fund balances Restricted Streets Cemetery care Restricted contributions	2,67	1 - 	- - 1,331	- 301,655
Total fund balances	2,67	1	1,331	301,655
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 137,11</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 42,331</u>	<u>\$ 302,617</u>

	MDNR <u>Trust</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$	-	\$ 48,781	\$ -	\$ 375,772
	- 96,508		-	17,957 375,224
\$	96,508	<u>\$ 48,781</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 768,953</u>
¢		¢ 40.704	¢	¢ 50.070
\$	-	\$ 48,781 -	\$	\$
	96,508	-	-	352,302
	-	-	-	41,000
				5,148
	<u>96,508</u>	48,781		462,334
	<u> </u>			962
	- - -	-	-	2,671 301,655 1,331
	_			305,657
\$	96,508	<u>\$ 48,781</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 768,953</u>

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Local	Community Development		Cemetery Perpetual
	<u>Streets</u>	<u>Block Grant</u>	<u>MSHDA</u>	<u>Care</u>
Revenues				
Federal	\$-	\$ 260,436	\$-	\$-
State	235,181	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	4,089
Interest earnings	<u> </u>		519	5,712
Total revenues	235,181	260,436	519	9,801
Expenditures				
Current				
Public works and streets	282,988	-	-	-
Community development	-	260,436	-	-
Debt Service				
Principal Interest	-	-	-	-
Interest				
Total expenditures	282,988	260,436		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(47,807)		519	9,801
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	70,000	-	-	-
Transfers out	(23,257)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	46,743			
Net changes in fund balances	(1,064)	-	519	9,801
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,735		812	291,854
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,671	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 301,655

MDNR <u>Trust</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 260,436
-	-	-	235,181
-	-	-	4,089
			6,231
			505,937
-	-	-	282,988 260,436
		50,000	50,000
-	-	16,448	16,448
		66,448	609,872
		(66,448)	(103,935)
-	-	66,448	136,448
		<u> </u>	(23,257)
		66,448	113,191
-	-	-	9,256
			296,401
<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 305,657

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

DECEMBER 31, 2016

Assets	<u>C</u> (Tax ollection		Imprest <u>Payroll</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments Due from other governments	\$	762,209 27,718	\$	26,666	\$ 788,875 27,718
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	789,927	<u>\$</u>	26,666	\$ 816,593
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	286,545 503,382	\$	26,666 -	\$ 313,211 503,382
Total liabilities	\$	789,927	\$	26,666	\$ 816,593

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016

Assets		General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Net Position</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$	567,050	\$-	\$ 567,050
Property taxes receivable Capital assets		22,833	-	22,833
Land		-	294,635	294,635
Buildings Accumulated depreciation		-	847,222 (416,084)	847,222 (416,084)
Total assets	\$	589,883	725,773	1,315,656
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balanc Liabilities	es			
Accounts payable	\$	2,714	-	2,714
Due to other governments		260,911		260,911
Total liabilities		263,625		263,625
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue - taxes		48,749		48,749
Fund balances Nonspendable		-		
Assigned		-		
Unassigned		277,509		
Total fund balances		277,509		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	589,883		
Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted				725,773 277,509
Total net position				<u>\$ 1,003,282</u>

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Revenues	C	General <u>Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Net Position</u>
Property taxes	\$	118,695	\$-	\$ 118,695
Charges		38,191	-	38,191
Interest earnings		85		85
		156,971		156,971
Expenditures Current				
General government		191,925	26,327	218,252
Total expenditures		191,925	26,327	218,252
Net changes in fund balances		(34,954)	34,954	
Change in net position			(61,281)	(61,281)
Fund balances/net position, beginning of year		312,463	752,100	1,064,563
Fund balances/net position, end of year	\$	277,509	\$ 725,773	\$ 1,003,282

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 30, 2017

To the City Council City of Muskegon Heights, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Muskegon Heights, Michigan (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2016-001 and 2016-002 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Muskegon Heights, Michigan's Response to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

We also noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City, in a separate letter dated June 30, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uredeveld Haefner LLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2016-001

Condition and Criteria: The City's system of controls does not enable it to prepare the financial statements and related note disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Cause: The City has not provided the resources necessary to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Effect: Professional auditing standards require that the inability to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles be reported as a material weakness.

Recommendation: The City's system of controls should be modified so that the City is able to prepare its financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Management Response: The City maintains its financial records throughout the year on a modified accrual basis of accounting and has determined that any benefits derived from implementing a system to prepare GAAP basis financial statements and required disclosures would not be cost effective.

2016-002

Condition and Criteria: Numerous significant audit adjustments were necessary during the course of the audit to compile year-end financial statements from the City's general ledger balances.

Cause: The City has not provided the necessary resources that would enable it to prepare a well adjusted trial balance.

Effect: The interim and preliminary year-end financial statements of the City do not reflect balances in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Recommendation: The City should develop and implement procedures to review and reconcile general ledger account balances for consistency with GAAP.

Management Response: Management will make additional human resources available to provide for timely review and adjustment of general ledger balances.